





Presenters

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Building your ERAS Application/CV

Neeral Shah, M.D.

Associate Professor of Medicine/GI
GI Fellowship Program, Director
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Outline

- Program Directors Perspective
- My Perspective
- Errors to Avoid
- Summary

WAHealth

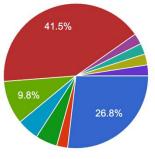
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Program Directors Perspective

- Engage other faculty and program directors
- Survey posted on program directors listserv
- 41 responses
- More collective opinions than my own!





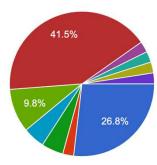






Most important part of ERAS application

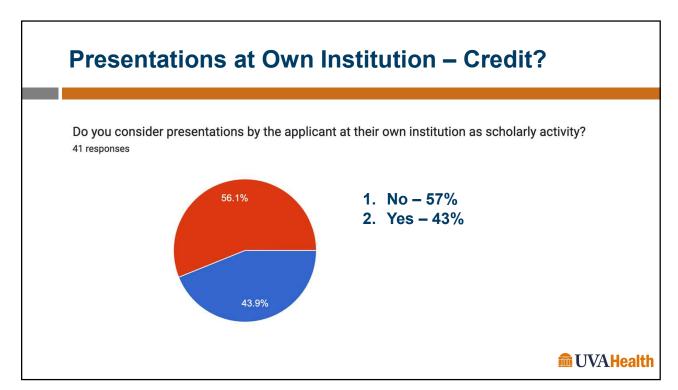
What is the most important part of an applicant's ERAS application? 41 responses

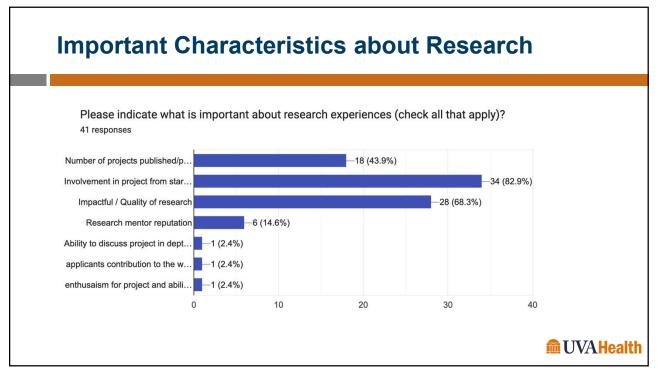


Top Four Parts of ERAS Application

- 1. Letters 42%
- 2. Reputation of Program 27%
- 3. Personal Statement 10%
- 4. Research Experiences 5%







Important Characteristics about Research

Top 4 about Research

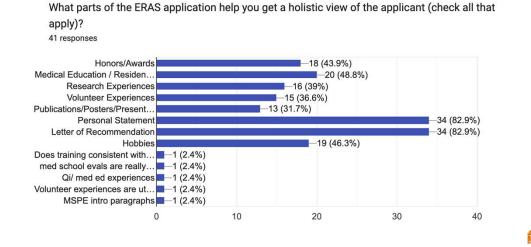
- 1. Evidence of project from start to finish 83%
- 2. Impact / Quality of research 68%
- 3. Number of projects published 44%
- 4. Research mentor reputation 15%



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Evidence of Holistic Resident from ERAS App



UVAHealth

Evidence of Holistic Resident from ERAS App

Top 3 Ways to Evaluate Holistically

1. Personal Statement – 83% Letters of Recommendation – 83%



- 2. Reputation of Residency Program 49%
- 3. Hobbies 46% Honors / Awards - 44%



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My Perspective

- Reputation of training program is important
- Chief Residents have <u>demonstrated</u> leadership
- Applicants with inordinate number of projects is a red flag
- Research showing an arc of growth is impressive
- Involvement in activities good Leadership is great
- Holistic review has put more importance on personal statement



Errors to Avoid

- If you have a glaring issue, please address it up front
 - Misdemeanor on record
 - □ Failure of boards
 - Other circumstances
- Do not list all research in one entry
- Give each project own entry and identify each mentor separately
- Do not overstate your research projects
 Only include those you really contributed to
- Do not get too controversial on the personal statement, but add some of your own voice in it

Mark UVA Health

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Summary

- Get letters from people that know you well
- Have others read your personal statement
 - □Sometimes best to step away and re-read it later
- Be <u>honest</u> and accurate about research projects
- Try to show growth in your research on a single topic or by project
- Develop a good relationship with research mentors
- Keep track of your awards and honors





Personal Statement: Tips and Tricks



Leila Kia, MD
Michael A. Ruchim, MD Gastroenterology Fellowship Program Director
Northwestern University Feinberg School of Medicine
ACG Training Committee 3rd Annual Webinar: Gastroenterology and
Hepatology Fellowship Match Application
April 26th, 2023

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WHY IS IT IMPORTANT?

- Gives programs a sense of who you are as a <u>person</u>
- Chance to highlight something that may not be readily apparent in your CV, e.g.: a character trait, resilience, perseverance, overcoming adversity
- A bad personal statement will hurt you. Programs are looking for red flags
- A stellar personal statement may give you the edge, but...
 - It's okay to be boring. You don't want to be *too* memorable unless your story is truly inspiring and genuine



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LOGISTICS

- Don't put it off
- Grammar and spell check
- · Ask mentors, colleagues, non-medical persons to read
- Don't go over 1 page- no one wants to read your biography
- Be direct, concise, to the point. Do not rehash your CV



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LOGISTICS

- Don't over think it this is not a creative writing assignment
- If you are personalizing your letter to each program you apply to, triple check that the names and programs you are referencing are correct. If you mention a doctor by name, make sure they still work there



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WHAT TO WRITE ABOUT

- An important experience, life-event, or patient encounter that affected your decision to pursue medicine/GI
- A significant adversity you have overcome that highlights your resilience and commitment to hard-work
- Prior careers that have shaped your current career aspirations
- If you know, your career aspirations, and how you plan to achieve those goals
 - Be specific and avoid vague generalizations
- If there is something in your application that needs explaining, you may write about it here (e.g., taking extended time off after residency before applying)



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COMMON TOPICS

- Personal GI illness and journey navigating through medical system
- Family member's GI illness
- Patient experience "taking care of patient X with cirrhosis" (note: most write about cirrhotic patients)
- Overcoming adversity: first generation immigrants, helping non-English speaking family members navigate healthcare system, refugee/immigrant story, member of URM overcoming barriers
- Other careers/hobbies (e.g., engineer, pianist, athlete, history major, etc.) and how these skills are helping you now/make you a unique candidate (work ethic, attention to detail, intellectual curiosity, lifelong learner)



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STRUCTURE

- 1. BACKGROUND/WHY GI/PERSONAL ANECDOTE YOUR STORY. This is the hook that make us want to read more. Don't make this part too long
- 2. ATTRIBUTES/STRENGTHS Be specific and go beyond discussing your research. We are looking for self-starters, dependability, honesty, collegiality, professionalism. Show us how you are resilient and adaptable.
- 3. WHAT DO YOU WANT IN A CAREER What excites you about GI ("the fire under your belly")?
- 4. WHAT YOU ARE LOOKING FOR IN A PROGRAM If your interest is in transplant hepatology, then you may not get interviews at programs without TH. If geography is important, you can say that.

 Northwestern

 Medicine

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WHAT TO AVOID

- Don't be arrogant, insensitive, boastful
- Don't talk poorly about any programs or your home institution
- · Don't lie

Medicine'

- Don't exaggerate your involvement in a project or your skills
 - E.g.: if you say you're fluent in Spanish, be prepared to speak it.
 - Programs may talk to your research mentors
- Don't try to be too funny or creative (e.g., poems, jokes)
- Avoid clichés
- Be genuine and avoid writing about current "hot topics" just because- unless you are genuinely interested and have something to back it up (e.g., AI, DEI)



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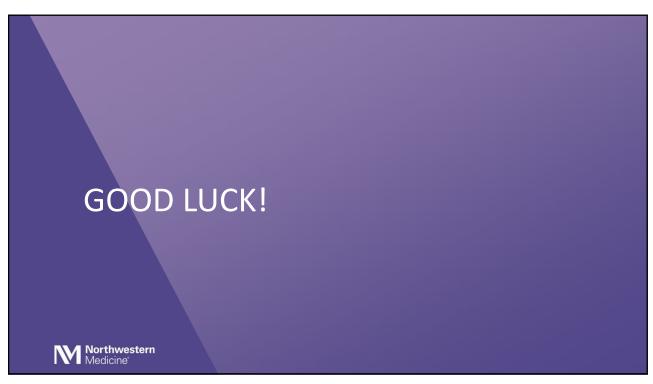
SUMMARY

- BE GENUINE, TELL YOUR STORY, AND HIGHLIGHT YOUR STRENGTHS
- DON'T OVERTHINK IT, BORING IS OKAY BUT IT MUST READ WELL AND HAVE NO ERRORS
- WE READ 100S OF THESE. TELL US SOMETHING INTERESTING AND UNIQUE ABOUT YOU THAT WILL SET YOU APART. CONVINCE ME TO WANT TO MEET YOU!



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HOW TO CHOOSE YOUR LETTER WRITERS

MASHAL BATHEJA, MD ASSISTANT PROFESSOR OF MEDICINE PROGRAM DIRECTOR, GI FELLOWSHIP MAYO CLINIC ARIZONA



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ATTESTS TO YOUR POTENTIAL TO BE A SUCCESSFUL FELLOW

- · Longitudinal relationships
- · Well rounded assessment
 - Clinical Caliber
 - · Scholastic achievements
 - Community engagement
 - National society contributions
- · Connection to your top choice programs are helpful

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CHARACTER AND TRAITS

- Clinical Judgement
- Reliability
- Conscientiousness
- Organization skills
- Work ethic
- Team player
- Integrity

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SCHOLASTIC ACCOMPLISHMENTS

- Research
- Presentations
- Abstracts
- Manuscripts
- Local or national recognition
- Special interest/Focus/depth in a specific area
- Awards

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SERVICE AND OUTREACH

- Community Service
- Volunteer work
- Education (local, national)
- National society involvement
- · Social media involvement

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HELP OUT YOUR LETTER WRITERS

- · Set up a meeting early
 - · Discuss where and whys of applying
 - 'Do you feel comfortable writing a strong letter?'
 - 'Would you be willing to make a phone call or write an email?'
- Updated CV
- Personal statement
- · Follow up couple weeks before due date

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WHO NOT TO ASK/TRIAGING

- · Someone you worked with very briefly
- · Hesitates when asked about strong letter or phone call
- Assistant or Associate professor who knows you well is better than professor or world's expert who has superficial awareness

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SO HOW SHOULD YOU PICK YOUR LETTER WRITERS?

- · Longitudinal familiarity is ideal
- · Knowledge of Clinical skills
- · Speak to your work ethic
- · Scholastic achievements
- Community outreach/DE&I/service
- If it's a strong letter, it is ok if one is outside your desired subspecialty
- Willing to email/call on your behalf

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THANK YOU

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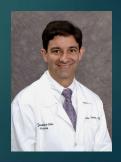
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How To Determine Where To Apply: Lessons Learned From Virtual Interview Season

FERNANDO CASTRO, MD AGAF FACG

CLEVELAND CLINIC FLORIDA

GASTROENTEROLOGY TRAINING PROGRAM DIRECTOR



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Observations and Recommendations

- ▶ Applications received in our program were about 280 in 2010
 - ▶ Increase of about 20-30 applications per year
 - ► Faster increase during and after COVID with the use of virtual interviews to about 500 applications last year
- ▶ Recommendations:
 - ▶ Don't apply just because it is easier and you don't have to travel if it is a training program you don't want to go
 - ▶ Use same criteria as you would if you had to invest time and money in traveling

Where to Apply? What is Important to You?

- ▶ This is a match after all
- Small vs. large size program
- ▶ Academic vs. Community vs. Hybrid practice interests
- ▶ Whether the program has a strong research background
 - ▶ Is there an area of research you want to pursue
- ▶ Whether the program has more of a clinical focus
 - If you may want to pursue subspecialty does the program have training in that area you are interested
- Geography
- Program culture, whether fellows happy

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Ok, so now I have defined what I want, how do I know which program offers this?



- ▶ Do your homework, invest time researching the programs
- ► Check the program's website
- ▶ See where graduates have gone, specially over the last few years
- ▶ Culture:
 - ▶ If closeby, pay a visit
 - ▶ If you can't get there, ask the current fellows about their experiences
- ▶ So much more time than prior to virtual interviews but more difficult to make a decision since you may not be physically there
 - ▶ DO YOUR HOMEWORK

